## 

## 6243

## BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-16)

## JANUARY/FEBRUARY—2022

## DME - THIRD SEMESTER EXAMINATION

## STRENGTH OF MATERIALS

Time : 3 hours ]
PART-A

Instructions: (1) Answer all questions.
(2) Each question carries three marks.
(3) Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed five simple sentences.

1. Define Hooke's law.
2. Define Poisson's ratio.
3. Derive an expression for strain energy.
4. Define hoop stress and write the relation between hoop stress and longitudinal stress.
5. Explain the following :
(a) Shear Force
(b) Bending Moment
6. Define section modulus.
7. Define the terms slope and deflection.
8. What is angle of twist?
9. State the function of shaft. List suitable materials for shafts.
10. Define solid length in springs.

## PART—B

Instructions: (1) Answer any five questions.
(2) Each question carries ten marks.
(3) Answers should be comprehensive and criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.
11. A mild steel bar has a diameter of 45 mm and is 600 mm long. A tensile load of 90 kN is applied longitudinally. Calculate the elongation of the bar, the change in diameter and the change in volume. Take, $E=2 \times 10^{5} \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{mm}^{2}$ and Poisson's Ratio as 0.3.
12. The following data refers to a tensile test, (i) diamter of steel bar = 30 mm , (ii) gauge length $=200 \mathrm{~mm}$, (iii) extension at a load of 100 kN $=0.139 \mathrm{~mm}$, ( iv ) load at elastic limit $=200 \mathrm{kN}$. Calculate (a) resilience, (b) proof resilience and (c) modulus of resilience.
13. The shell of a boiler is 3 m in diameter and the plates are 20 mm thick. Calculate the safe working pressure in the boiler, if safe working stress for the plate is $70 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{mm}^{2}$ and efficiency of joint is $80 \%$.
14. A cantilever beam of length 5 m is loaded with UDL of $12 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m}$ upto a length of 2.5 m from fixed end, carries a point load of 18 kN at mid span, and also carries a point load of 25 kN at free end. Draw SF and BM diagrams.
15. A simply supported beam is $250 \mathrm{~mm} \times 400 \mathrm{~mm}$ in section and 8 m long. If the permissible bending stress is $120 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{mm}^{2}$, find the (a) point load that can be applied at the centre of the beam and (b) UDL that can be applied on the entire beam.
16. A wooden beam of rectangular cross-section 130 mm wide $\times 220 \mathrm{~mm}$ depth is simply supported at its ends and has a span of 6 m . If the maximum allowable bending stress is $8.0 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{mm}^{2}$, what is the maximum deflection? Take, $E=0.1 \times 10^{5} \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{mm}^{2}$.
17. A solid steel shaft has to transmit 75 kW at 200 rpm . Taking allowable shear stress as $70 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{mm}^{2}$, find suitable diameter of the shaft, if the maximum torque transmitted at each revolution exceeds the mean by 30\%.
18. (a) List out the applications of springs.
(b) Draw a neat sketch of a close-coiled helical spring and define the terms spring index and stiffness.

