

**6222**

**BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-16)**

**MARCH /APRIL-2019**

**THIRD SEMESTER(COMMON) EXAMINATION**

**ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS-II**

**Time: 3 Hours**

**Max. Marks: 80**

**PART-A**

**10x3=30M**

- Instructions:** 1) Answer all questions.  
2) Each question carries three marks.

1) Evaluate,  $\int (e^x + 2\sin x + \frac{6}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}) dx$

2) Evaluate,  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{25-x^2}} dx$

3) Evaluate,  $\int_1^{\sqrt{3}} \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$

4) Find the mean value of  $x+x^2$  over  $[2,6]$

\* 5) Find the Laplace Transform of  $\cos^2 2t$ .

6) Find  $L^{-1} \left[ \frac{s^2-3s+5}{s^3} \right]$

\* 7) Write Euler's formulae to find coefficient of the Fourier series of  $f(x)$  in the interval  $(0, 2\pi)$

- \*8) Find the differential equation to the family of curves  $y = ae^{2x} + be^{-2x}$  where a,b are arbitrary constants.
- 9) Solve,  $(9x+5y-9).dx + (5x+7y-4).dy = 0$ .
- 10) Solve,  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 8\frac{dy}{dx} + 12y = 0$ .

### PART-B

**10x5=50M**

**Instructions :** 1) Answer any **five** questions  
 2) Each question carries **ten** marks  
 3) Answer should be comprehensive and the criteria for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.

11) a) Evaluate,  $\int \sin^3 x \cos^6 x dx$

b) Evaluate,  $\int \frac{1}{5+4\cos x} dx$

12) a) Evaluate,  $\int x^2 \tan^{-1} x dx$

b) Evaluate,  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \log(\tan x) dx$

- 13) a) Using the method of integration, find the area bounded by a circle of radius 'r'  
 b) Find the volume of the solid of revolution generated by revolving the area between  $y = x^2 - 4$  and x-axis about x-axis.

14) a) Find  $L\left[\frac{e^{2t}-e^{3t}}{t}\right]$ .

b) Evaluate,  $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$  using Trapezoidal rule by taking 5 ordinates.

15) a) Find  $L\left[e^{-t}(2\cos 3t - 3\sin 2t)\right]$

\* b) Find  $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{2s-3}{s^2+4s+20}\right\}$

- \*16) a) Find the half range sine series for  $f(x)=x$  in  $(0, \pi)$ .  
b) Find the half range cosine series for  $f(x)=x(2-x)$  in  $0 < x < 2$ .
- 17) a) solve,  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x} + \tan \frac{y}{x}$ .  
b) Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} + y \cot x = \operatorname{cosec} x$
- 18) a) solve,  $(D^2 + 2D - 8)y = e^{-3x} + e^{-4x}$ .  
b) solve,  $(D^2 + 4)y = x^2 - \cos 2x$ .

\* \* \*

A.A.N.M & V.V.R.S.R POLYTECHNIC, GUDLAVALLERU, KRISHNA DIST, A.P

\*

\*