

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\text { C09-A-302/C09-AA-302/C09-AEI-302/C09-CH-302/ } \\
\text { C09-CHST-302/C09-IT-302/C09-MET-302/ } \\
\text { C09-MNG-302/C09-PKG-302/C09-TT-302 }
\end{array}
$$

## 3202

## BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-09) OCT/NOV—2013

## THIRD SEMESTER (COMMON) EXAMINATION

## ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS—II

## Time : 3 hours ]

## PART—A

Instructions : (1) Answer all questions.
(2) Each question carries three marks.
(3) Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed five simple sentences.

1. Evaluate

$$
\int \frac{e^{\tan ^{-1} x}}{1+x^{2}} d x
$$

2. Evaluate :

$$
\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{9-x^{2}}} d x
$$

3. Evaluate :

$$
\int \sec (4 x-7) \cdot \tan (4 x-7) d x
$$

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4. Evaluate :

$$
\int \frac{\sin (\log x)}{x} d x
$$

5. Evaluate :

$$
\int\left(x^{3}+3^{x}+2\right) d x
$$

6. Evaluate :

$$
\int_{0}^{1}\left(x^{5}+1\right) d x
$$

7. Find the mean value of $y=x^{2}$ between $x=2$ and $x=3$.
8. Solve :

$$
x^{6} d y+y^{6} d x=0
$$

9. Solve :

$$
\frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}+3 \frac{d y}{d x}-54 y=0
$$

10. Form the differential equation of the family of curves $y=A \cos 3 x+B \sin 3 x$, where $A, B$ are arbitrary constants.

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## PART—B

Instructions : (1) Answer any five questions.
(2) Each question carries ten marks.
(3) Answers should be comprehensive and the criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.
11. (a) Evaluate :

$$
\int \sin ^{2} \theta \cos ^{3} \theta d \theta
$$

(b) Evaluate :

$$
\int \sin 5 x \cos 2 x d x
$$

12. (a) Evaluate :

$$
\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^{2}+x+1}} d x
$$

(b) Evaluate :

$$
\int x^{3} e^{4 x} d x
$$

13. (a) Evaluate

$$
\int_{0}^{\pi / 2} \frac{\cos ^{14} x}{\cos ^{14} x+\sin ^{14} x} d x
$$

(b) Find the area enclosed between by the circle $x^{2}+y^{2}=a^{2}$ using the method of integration.

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14. (a) Find the volume of the solid obtained when the region

$$
\frac{x^{2}}{9}+\frac{y^{2}}{4}=1
$$

is revolved about $x$-axis.
(b) Find the RMS value of $\sqrt{\log x}$ between $x=1$ and $x=e$.
15. (a) Solve :

$$
\frac{d y}{d x}+y=e^{-x}
$$

(b) Solve :

$$
\left(D^{2}+5 D+6\right) y=e^{x}
$$

16. Solve :

$$
\frac{d y}{d x}=\frac{y}{x}+\cot \frac{y}{x}
$$

17. (a) Solve :

$$
\left(D^{2}-1\right) y=\sin 3 x
$$

(b) Solve :

$$
\left(D^{2}+1\right) y=x
$$

18. Evaluate

$$
\int_{1}^{2} \frac{1}{x} d x
$$

approximately by dividing the interval [1, 2] into 10 equal parts using Simpson's rule.

