



C09-A-301/C09-AA-301/C09-AEI-301/C09-BM-301/
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C09-PKG-301/C09-TT-**301**

3201

BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-09)

OCT/NOV—2014

THIRD SEMESTER (COMMON) EXAMINATION

ENGLISH—II

Time : 3 hours]

[*Total Marks* : 80

PART—A

3×10=30

Instructions : (1) Answer **all** questions.

(2) Each question carries **three** marks.

(3) Answers should be straight to the point.

(4) Use correct words and relevant expressions.

1. Write three different questions asking your friend about his/her routines.
2. Write three to four sentences about your feelings when you received an unexpected gift.
3. Write a short note on the food you enjoy most.
4. How do you fix an appointment with your doctor? Write at least two turns of the dialogue.
5. Match the following :

(a) So nice of you for extending the invitation, (i) offering help
I shall certainly attend the function.

(b) Sorry to say this but could you please talk (ii) suggesting
in a low voice?

(c) Hi friend, could you please lend me a few (iii) seeking permission
bucks?

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- (d) How may I help you? (iv) accepting invitation
(e) You better take an early bus. (v) complaining
(f) May I close the session now? (vi) requesting

6. Rewrite the following sentences using appropriate polite expressions :

- (a) I want to leave the class now.
(b) Return my books tomorrow.
(c) Where is the bookshop?

7. Write three sentences about how you would complain to your teacher about the noise from the last benches.

8. How do you react to the following invitation?

“I shall be delighted to receive you at my birthday party.”

Write one expression of acceptance and one of polite rejection.

9. Use the following words of quantity in your own sentences :

- (a) much
(b) a few
(c) none

10. Fill in the blanks with suitable words of possession, i.e., ‘have’ forms :

Sumanth — a costly 3G mobile now. Last year he did not — such a modern one. Then he — only an ordinary cell phone.

PART—B

10×5=50

Instructions : (1) Answer **five** questions.

(2) Question No. **18** is compulsory.

(3) Each question carries **ten** marks.

11. Write about the daily routine of your roommate or a friend.

12. Frame five ‘Yes or No’ and five ‘Wh’ questions from the following passage :

Successful people do not look for miracles or easy tasks. They seek courage and strength to overcome obstacles. They look at what is left rather than what is lost. Prayers are only answered when they are supported with courageous action. Courage and character are

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the critical combination for success. This is the difference between the ordinary and the extraordinary. When our minds are filled with courage, we forget our fears and overcome obstacles. Courage is not absence of fear but overcoming of fear.

- 13.** Read the passage given below and make notes using the mapping or cue method :

Vegetarianism promotes a natural way of life. It has a message of universal love and nonviolence. It has been central to the Indian culture for thousands of years. In India, vegetarianism is usually a lacto-vegetarianism. In the West, vegetarians are subdivided into 'vegans', the pure vegetarians who do not take any food from animal kingdom. 'Lacto-vegetarians' are who consume dairy products and that of the vegetables kingdom. 'Lacto-ova-vegetarians' take eggs and dairy products. The Western Science of food considers food as something to sustain only the body, whereas the Indian Science considers food as something that sustains not only the body but also maintains the purity of heart, mind and soul. Thus an item of food which is injurious to the mind is not fit for consumption, even if it is otherwise beneficial to the body. A vegetarian diet manages gastrointestinal diseases, protects from coronary diseases, controls diabetics, liver disorders, low blood pressure. Lacto-vegetarian diets prevent to a certain extent, relieve the pain felt with the progression of arthritis.

- 14.** Read the following passage and write its summary :

It is easy to say, 'Enlarge your vocabulary; first, that you may enter upon the privileges of a cultivated man or woman; and secondly, that you may be able to tell the truth easily and accurately'. But it is another and more difficult matter to prescribe the means by which this is to be done. Every boy or girl must, to a large degree, work out own method. The reading of the best books and conversation with cultivated folk both help us to the free use of words. The dictionary is the best friend for your task. Never allow a strange word to pass unchallenged. Usually it is wise to look it up at that moment. If that is impossible, it must be written firmly on the memory and traced at the first opportunity. It is good to encourage in yourself the habit of dawdling a letter over the dictionary. It is the only place where dawdling reaps a harvest. To learn two new words a day—thoroughly to learn them, so that their

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use will not have a foreign account—is to insure a large vocabulary before you reach middle age.

- 15.** Write a paragraph giving suggestions to your brother to participate in sports and games in his school :

Use the hints : sound body and mind, team spirit, proper growth, entertainment, follow the rules, sound sleep, job opportunities & expressions like ... 'better you ...', 'why don't you...' ... etc.

- 16.** Write a paragraph comparing a village with a city in terms of size, population, education, pollution, comforts and entertainment. Use different adjectives and comparative expressions like 'as good as', 'not so good as', 'better than', ... etc.

- 17.** Describe an unforgettable past event in your life.

- 18.** Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow :

Gandhiji was surely one of the most remarkable men in the world. But he was also a human being with a combination of faults and virtues. Gandhiji had the courage to admit his flaws. But despite his faults, he was a great and noble person. He considered himself to be an ordinary human being and therefore believed that anybody could be like him. He never asked anybody to do anything which he himself could not do. This is what gives a special value to his life. He practised what he preached. He was devoted to truth and constantly tried to perfect his character. He never compromised on what he believed to be true and right. For him both the ends and the means to achieve a goal had to be just.

Questions :

- (a) What kind of human being is Gandhiji?
(b) What courage did Gandhiji possess?
(c) How did he consider himself?
(d) What gives special value to his life?
(e) Give the synonyms for the following words :
(i) Preach
(ii) Compromise
