



C14-EE-504

4639

BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-14)
OCT/NOV—2016
DEEE—FIFTH SEMESTER EXAMINATION
INDUSTRIAL DRIVES

Time : 3 hours]

[Total Marks : 80

PART—A

3×10=30

Instructions : (1) Answer **all** questions.
(2) Each question carries **three** marks.
(3) Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed *five* simple sentences.

1. Classify the drives based on their operation. 3
2. Compare AC drive with DC drive. 3
3. What are the advantages of using flywheel in some industrial drives? 3
4. State any four advantages of electrical braking. 3
5. What is regenerative braking? For which motors regenerative braking can be applied? 3
6. List the disadvantages of electrical braking. 3
7. List any six domestic applications of drives. 3

- * 8. Select the suitable motor for the following : 1+1+1=3
- (a) Refrigerator
- (b) Vacuum cleaner
- (c) Mixy

9. List any six industrial applications of drives. 3

10. List the types of motors used in textile mills. 3

PART—B

10×5=50

Instructions : (1) Answer *any five* questions.

(2) Each question carries **ten** marks.

(3) Answers should be comprehensive and the criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.

11. A motor operates continuously on the following duty cycle :

Load raising for 0–40 kW for 6 second, constant load of 120 kW for 6 second, constant load of 80 kW for 10 second and idle for 14 second

Draw the load cycle and suggest a suitable continuous rated motor. 10

12. (a) State the methods employed for noise reduction in drives.

(b) State four mechanical considerations in selecting a motor for a drive and state what is load cycle. 2+8=10

13. (a) State the merits and demerits of individual and group drive.

(b) What are the advantages of load equalization? 5+5=10

- * 14. A 400 V, 25 h.p., 450 r.p.m., d.c. shunt motor is braked by plugging when running on full-load. Determine the braking resistance necessary if the maximum braking current is not to exceed twice the full-load current. Determine also the maximum braking torque and the braking torque when the motor is just reaching to zero speed. The efficiency of the motor is 74.6% and the armature resistance is 0.2 Ω. 10
15. (a) What is dynamic braking? Explain how dynamic braking applied to d.c. series motor.
 (b) Explain why plugging gives greater braking torque than dynamic braking. 5+5=10
16. (a) A 440 V, 40 kW, 600 r.p.m., d.c. shunt motor has a full-load efficiency of 90%. The field resistance is 220 Ω and the armature resistance is 0.1 Ω. Find the speed under regenerative braking.
 (b) List the methods employed for electrical braking. 7+3=10
17. (a) Explain the working principle of refrigerator along with drive.
 (b) Explain the working of belt conveyors with suitable motor. 5+5=10
18. (a) Explain the working of cement mill with suitable motor.
 (b) Explain the working of flour mill with suitable motor. 5+5=10

*