

4462

BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-14) MARCH/APRIL—2018 DEEE-FOURTH SEMESTER EXAMINATION

AC MACHINES-I

[Total Marks: 80 *Time* : 3 hours

PART—A

 $3 \times 10 = 30$

- **Instructions:** (1) Answer **all** questions.
 - (2) Each question carries **three** marks.
 - (3) Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed five simple sentences.
 - **1.** Draw the vector diagram of an ideal transformer.
 - **2.** Define All-Day efficiency of a transformer.
 - 3. Differentiate between distribution and power transformer in any three aspects.
 - **4.** Draw the vector diagram of transformer working with unity p.f.
 - Draw the connection diagram of Delta-Star configuration of a threephase transformer.
 - **6.** Write any six cooling methods of a transformer.
 - 7. Write any three advantages of stationary armature over rotating armature.
 - **8.** Define Voltage Regulation of an Alternator.
 - 9. Define Coil span and Distribution factor of a Synchronous generator.
- **10.** State the conditions for synchronization of an alternator.

PART—B 10×5=50

- **Instructions:** (1) Answer any **five** questions.
 - (2) Each question carries ten marks.
 - (3) Answers should be comprehensive and the criteria for valuation are the content but not the length of the answer.
- **11.** Obtain the equivalent circuits of a single-phase transformer referred to primary side and secondary side.
- **12.** A 50 kVA, 2000/200 V, 50Hz single-phase transformer has an impedance drop of 5% and resistance drop of 3%. Find :
 - i) Regulation at full load 0.8 p.f. lagging
 - ii) Power factor at which regulation is zero.
 - iii) Power factor at which regulation is maximum.
- **13.** A 15 kVA, 400/200 V, 50Hz single-phase transformer gave the following test results:

O.C. test: 400V, 1A,50W (H.V. side).

S.C. test: 12V, 10A, 40W(L.V. side)

Calculate (i) Active and reactive components of no-load current (ii) percentage regulation at full load and 0.8 power factor lagging.

- **14.** A transformer has a maximum efficiency of 98% at 15kVA at UPF. During the day, it is loaded as follows:
 - 10 hours- 3 kW at 0.6 p.f.

5 hours- 10kW at 0.8 p.f.

5 hours- 18kW at 0.9 p.f

4 hours- No load

- **15.** State the function and location of :
 - (a) Breather
 - (b) Conservator
 - (c) Explosion vent
 - (d) Buchholz relay
- **16.** Explain the steps involved to find the regulation of alternator by synchronous impedance method.
- 17. A three-phase, 6pole alternator has 144 slots with 4 conductor sper slot, the winding being double layer winding. Flux in the air gap is 50 m Wb sinusoidally distributed. The coil span is 150°(electrical). Find the generated when the alternator shaft is driven at 375 rpm.
- **18.** Explain the procedure of synchronization of alternators using Dark lamp and Bright lamp method.