

# с14-ее-305

## 4247

### BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-14) MARCH/APRIL-2016

### **DEEE—THIRD SEMESTER EXAMINATION**

ELECTRONICS-I

Time : 3 hours ]

[ Total Marks : 80

### PART-A

3×10=30

Instructions : (1) Answer all questions.

- (2) Each question carries **three** marks.
- (3) Answer should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed *five* simple sentences.
- **1.** State the properties of resistance.
- 2. Define (a) self-inductance and (b) coefficient of coupling.
- **3.** Write two differences between *P*-type and *N*-type semiconductors.

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- 4. List different types of filters.
- 5. Draw the circuit of half-wave rectifier.
- 6. Draw the symbols of SCR, UJT, Opto-Coupler.
- 7. List the applications of LED.
- 8. Define thermal runaway.
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- 9. List the causes of instability of a transistor.
- **10.** Name different types of coupling methods in amplifiers.

**Instructions** : (1) Answer any **five** questions.

- (2) Each question carries ten marks.
- (3) Answers should be comprehensive and the criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.
- **11.** (a) Define resistance.
  - (b) Explain the color coding of a resistance. 2+8=10
- **12.** Explain the behaviour of PN junction diode under forward and reverse bias conditions. 5+5=10
- 13. Explain the working of full-wave bridge rectifier with circuit diagram.
- 14. (a) Compare between FET and BJT.
  - (b) Explain the construction and working of FET. 4+6=10
- **15.** By giving constructional details, explain the working of SCR.
- 16. How stabilization of operating point is achieved in self-bias method of transistor biasing? Explain.
- 17. (a) Classify amplifiers based on (i) frequency and (ii) no. of stages.
  - (b) Define (i) bandwidth, (ii) frequency response and (iii) decibel 4+6=10gain.
- 18. Draw the circuit of RC-coupled amplifier and explain its working.

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