## 4245

# BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION,(C-14) <br> MARCH /APRIL-2019 <br> DEEE- THIRD SEMESTER EXAMINATION ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS 

## PART-A

$10 \times 3=30 \mathrm{M}$
Instructions: 1) Answer all the questions and each question carries three marks
2) Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed five simple sentences

1) State Kirchoff's laws.
2) Three resistors $15 \Omega, 10 \Omega$ and $18 \Omega$ are connected in delta. Find their equivalent resistance values in star
3) Define frequency and time period of alternating quantity.
4) If $A=5-j 4$ and $B=8+j 6$, find $A-B$ and express it in polar form.
5) An emf is given by $v=200 \sin (314 t)$, and the current lags the voltage by $30^{\circ}$. Find the frequency and write equation for the current, if its maximum value is 25 amps .
6) For a pure inductive circuit, write the equations for instantaneous voltage and current.
7) Derive an expression for resonance frequency in series RLC circuit
8) Define conductance and admittance in A.C circuit.
9) Draw a 3-phase wave form \& write down emf equation for each phase
10) A star connected motor draws a line current of 10 A from the supply of $400 \mathrm{~V}, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ at a pf of 0.8 lag . Find the phase voltage, phase current and the power drawn.
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## PART-B

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5 \times 10=50
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Instructions: 1) Answer any Five questions. Each question carries Ten marks.
2) Answer should be comprehensive and the criteria for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.
11) Find the current supplied by three batteries using Kirchoff's laws

12) Derive expression for the conversion of star connected resistors into equivalent delta values.
13) Find the current in $12 \Omega$ resistor using Superposition theorem.

14) An alternating current varying sinusoidally with a frequency of 50 Hz has an RMS value of 15 A (a) Write the equation for the instantaneous current. (b) Find the value of the instantaneous current at 0.0075 seconds after passing through zero in positive direction.
15) An $R-L$ series circuit with $R=50 \Omega$ and $L=0.01 H$, connected across a single phase supply of $200 \mathrm{~V}, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$. Find
(a) impedance of the circuit
(b) current
(c) p.f.
(d) phase angle
(e) the power consumed in the circuit.
$2+2+2+2+2$
16) Two impedances $Z_{1}=8+j 6$ and $Z_{2}=5-j 8$ are connected in series across a $230 \mathrm{~V}, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ supply. Find
(a) the current
(b) total power drawn
(c) voltage across $Z_{1}$
(d) voltage across $Z_{2}$
17) Find the branch currents and the total current if $R_{1}=15 \Omega \quad R_{2}=10 \Omega$, $\mathrm{L}=0.05 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}=100 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ and $\mathrm{V}=230 \mathrm{~V}, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ in the circuit shown below.

18) a) Derive relation between $I_{p h}$ and $I_{L}$ in a 3-Phase delta connected winding.
b) A balanced star connected load of $8+j 6$ ohm per phase is conected to a $3-\mathrm{ph}, 400 \mathrm{~V}$ supply, find the line current and the power factor.

