C14-EE-106

## 4046

## BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-14) OCT/NOV—2015

## DEEE-FIRST YEAR EXAMINATION

BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

## Time : 3 hours ]

## PART—A

Instructions : (1) Answer all questions.
(2) Each question carries three marks.
(3) Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed five simple sentences.

1. State Ohm's law and give the equation with units.
2. Develop an expression for equivalent resistance, when three resistors are connected in parallel.
3. Define (a) electrical work and (b) electrical energy.
4. State Joule's law of electric heating.
5. State in brief the right hand thumb rule.
6. Draw the field pattern due to current in a straight currentcarrying conductor.
7. State and briefly explain Lenz's law.
8. Define (a) self-inductance and (b) mutual inductance. $1 \frac{112}{2}+1 \frac{1}{2}$
9. State Coulomb's law of electrostatics.
10. Define capacitance and state its unit.

PART—B
$10 \times 5=50$

Instructions : (1) Answer any five questions.
(2) Each question carries ten marks.
(3) Answers should be comprehensive and the criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.
11. A semicircular ring of copper has an inner radius of 10 cm , radial thickness 8 cm and axial thickness 6 cm . Calculate the resistance of the ring at $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ between its two end faces, specific resistance of copper at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is $1.7 \times 10^{-6} \Omega$-cm and temperature coefficient of copper at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is $0.0043 /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
12. (a) Three lamps are connected in series across a 120 V supply and take a current of 1.5 A . If the resistances of two lamps are $25 \Omega$ and $35 \Omega$, then what is the resistance of the third lamp?
(b) Derive the formula for coefficient of resistance at any temperature as $\alpha_{t}=\alpha_{0} /\left(1+\alpha_{0} t\right)$.
13. A house has the following loads :
(a) 5 lamps of 60 W each, working for 8 hours a day
(b) 4 lamps of 100 W each, working for 5 hours a day
(c) 2 heaters of 1000 W each, working for 3 hours a day
(d) 5 fans of 80 W each, working for 12 hours a day

Calculate the January bill, if rate of charge is rupees 0.50 per unit. Add rupees 10 as a meter rent per month.
14. An immersion heater which is to operate on 230 V supply has to raise the temperature of 45.36 kg of water from $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in one hour. Taking the efficiency of operating as $86 \%$, determine (a) the rating of the heater and (b) the resistance of the heating element in the heater. Calculate also the cost of heating operation if energy costs 70 paise per unit.
15. An iron ring 300 cm mean circumference with a cross- section of $5 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ has a saw cut 1 mm wide in it. The ring is wound uniformly with 350 turns of wire. Find the current required to produce a flux of 0.3 milliweber across the gap. Assume a leakage factor is 1.2 and relative permeability for iron is 800 .
16. (a) State and explain Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction.
(b) If two identical coils have an equivalent inductance of 0.08 H and 0.035 H , find the mutual inductance and coefficient of coupling, when fluxes are (i) aided and (ii) opposing.
17. (a) Derive the expression for the energy stored in a magnetic field.
(b) Develop an expression for lifting power of a magnet. 5
18. (a) Derive an expression for energy stored in a capacitor. 5
(b) Two small balls having charges one double the other are placed at a distance of 0.6 m apart in air. If the repulsive force between the balls is 2.70 newton, determine the charge on each ball.

