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BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-09)

OCT/NOV-2014

DEEE—FOURTH SEMESTER EXAMINATION

POWER SYSTEMS-I

Time : 3 hours]

Total Marks : 80

PART—A

3×10=30

Instructions : (1) Answer **all** questions.

- (2) Each question carries three marks.
- (3) Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed *five* simple sentences.
- 1. State the need of non-conventional energy sources.
- **2.** What is meant by energy auditing?
- **3.** Classify the hydroelectric power stations on the basis of load.
- 4. State the advantages of gas power stations.
- 5. State the methods to improve the power factor of power system.
- **6.** State the factors affecting the cost of generation.
- **7.** State the properties of SF_6 circuit breaker.
- **8.** State the characteristics of the relay.
- 9. State the need of over-voltage protection in alternators.
- **10.** State the different types of fault occurred in alternators.

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[Contd...

10×5=50

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PART-B

Instructions : (1) Answer any five questions.

- (2) Each question carries **ten** marks.
- (3) Answers should be comprehensive and the criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.

11. (a) State the functions of (i) boiler and (ii) condenser. 5

- (b) State the methods to control pollution in thermal power plant.
- **12.** (a) Write the factors to be considered for selection of site for hydro power plant.
 - (b) Write in brief about maintenance activity carried in hydro power plant.
- **13.** Explain the fission and fusion reactions with mass-energy balance equations.
- **14.** The load on a power plant on a particular day is as follows in the load demand of a residential consumer :

Sl. No.	Time	Load (in MW)
1	12 mid-night to 5 AM	20
2	5 AM to 8 AM	60
3	8 AM to 6 PM	100
4	6 PM to 8 PM	120
5	8 PM to 10 PM	80
6	10 PM to 12 mid-night	20

Plot the load curve and determine (a) maximum demand, (b) average load, (c) load factor and (d) diversity factor.

15. A generating station has two alternators of ratings 4000 kVA and 6000 kVA and of percentage reactances 10% and 8% respectively connected from the common bus-bars. The load is taken to the feeder through a 12000 kVA transformer of 5% reactance. What should be the short circuit kVA and the approximate rating of circuit-breaker, if the fault occurs on the feeder?

- **16.** Explain the construction and working principle of impedance relay with sketch.
- 17. Explain the working of Buchholz relay with neat sketch.
- **18.** (a) Explain the need of coolant and control rods in nuclear power plant.
 - *(b)* Compare isolated and integrated operation of power stations.

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