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BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-09)

OCT/NOV-2015

DEEE—THIRD SEMESTER EXAMINATION

ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS

Time : 3 hours]

[Total Marks : 80

PART—A

3×10=30

Instructions : (1) Answer all questions.

- (2) Each question carries three marks.
- (3) Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed *five* simple sentences.
- **1.** Define junction and branch in electric circuits.
- 2. State Norton's theorem.
- **3.** Define (a) cycle, (b) time period and (c) frequency.
- **4.** Define phase and phase difference.
- 5. Derive the relation between poles, speed and frequency.
- **6.** Draw an impedance triangle for an RC series circuit and give the formula for power factor in RC circuit.
- 7. Write the relation for resonant frequency in parallel circuit.
- **8.** Write the relation between voltage and current in pure inductive circuit and draw its phasor diagram.
- 9. List the advantages of polyphase system.
- 10. A symmetrical 3-, 400 V system supplies a balanced starconnected load. The current in each branch is 30 A and phase angle is 30° lag. Find the line current and the total power.

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PART-B

Instructions : (1) Answer any **five** questions.

- (2) Each question carries ten marks.
- (3) Answers should be comprehensive and the criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.
- **11.** Derive the relation for delta to star transformation.
- **12.** (a) Obtain Thevenin's equivalent circuit with respect to the terminals A and B of the network shown below :



- (b) Explain the ideal voltage and ideal current source.
- **13.** (a) State and explain Kirchhoff's laws.
 - (b) Derive the RMS value of a sinusoidal current.
- 14. An alternating current is represented by i 70 7 sin 520t. Determine (a) RMS value of current, (b) peak factor and (c) the current at 0.0015 sec. after passing through zero, increasing positively.
- **15.** A resistance of 12 , an inductance of 0.15 H and capacitance of 100 F are connected in series across a 100 V, 50 Hz supply. Calculate *(a)* the current, *(b)* power factor and *(c)* power consumed.
- **16.** A choking coil having a resistance of 22 and inductance of 0.07 H is connected in parallel with a capacitor of 50 F capacitance across 200 V, 50 Hz mains. Determine the total current taken and power factor and draw its vector diagram.
- **17.** A coil of inductance 9H and a resistance 50 in series with a condenser is supplied at constant voltage from a variable frequency source. If the maximum current is 1 A at 75 Hz, find the frequency when the current is 0.5 A.

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18. Three similar impedances when connected in delta across a 3 400 V, 50 Hz supply takes a current of 4 ampere at a lagging power factor of 0.8 from the mains. Calculate *(a)* the line constants per phase and *(b)* the change in power drawn if one of the phase open circuited.

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