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BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-09)

MARCH/APRIL-2017

DEEE—THIRD SEMESTER EXAMINATION

ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS

Time: 3 hours]

[Total Marks : 80

PART—A

3×10=30

- Instructions : (1) Answer all questions.
 - (2) Each question carries three marks.
 - (3) Answer should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed *five* simple sentences.
 - 1. Define active circuit and passive circuit.
 - **2.** State Thevenin's theorem.
 - 3. Define average value, form factor and peak factor.
 - 4. Derive the RMS value of a full-wave rectified sine waveform.
 - **5.** Perform and represent in polar form (a) A = B and (b) A / B, where $A = 5 \quad j6$ and $B = 6 \quad j8$.
 - **6.** Derive an expression for current in pure capacitive circuit, when an alternating voltage $v V_m \sin t$ is applied.
 - 7. State the formula for power factor in *R*-*L*-*C* series circuit.
 - 8. Compare series with parallel resonant circuits.

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- 9. Give the advantage of polyphase system.
- **10.** List the relation between line values and phase values in star and delta connected systems.

Instructions : (1) Answer any five questions.

- (2) Each question carries **ten** marks.
- (3) Answers should be comprehensive and the criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.
- 11. (a) State Kirchhoff's laws.
 - (b) Determine the equivalent resistance across AB of the circuit shown in Fig. 1 :

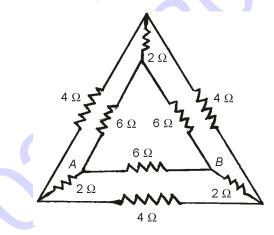
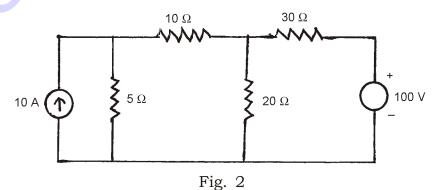


Fig. 1

12. Find the current through 20 resistance of the network (Fig. 2) by using superposition theorem : 10



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13. (a) State and explain the maximum power transfer theorem. 7

- (b) The equation of an alternating current is i 100 sin 628t. Determine—
 - (*i*) RMS value;
 - (ii) average value;
 - (iii) time period.
- **14.** (a) Convert the following rectangular to polar or polar to rectangular :
 - *(i)* 4 *j*6
 - *(ii)* 20 30
 - (b) Show the average power consumed in an inductor and a capacitor is zero.
- **15.** A resistance of 10 and inductance of 0.1 H are connected in series across a supply of 220 V and 50 Hz. Determine (*i*) the impedance, (*ii*) current flowing, (*iii*) power factor, (*iv*) the phase angle between V and I and (v) total power consumed.
- **16.** Two impedances Z_1 10 j15 and Z_2 6 j8 are connected in parallel. If the total current supplied is 15 A, find the voltage applied, current and the power taken by each branch. 10
- 17. A series RLC circuit consists of 1000 , L = 100 mH and C = 10 pF. If the applied voltage across the circuit is 100 V, find (a) resonant frequency, (b) current at resonance and (c) Q-factor of the circuit.
- **18.** A balance 3- star connected load of 150 kW takes a leading current of 100 A with a line voltage of 1100 V at 50 Hz. Find the power factor and circuit constants and draw its vector diagram. 10

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