6017

BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATIONM **JUNE -2019** COMMON FIRST YEAR EXAMINATION **MATHEMATICS - I** ENGINEERING

Time: 3Hours

arks: $10 \times 3 = 30$ Max. Marks : 80

Instructions:

- Answer **ALL** questions and each question carries **THREE** marks

PART - A

- Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed FIVE simple sentences 1) Resolve $\frac{1}{x^2(x+2)}$ into Partial Fractions (1) Resolve $\frac{1}{x^2(x+2)}$ into Partial Fractions (2) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 5 \\ 6 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$ and 3X + A = B then find X (3) Evaluate $\begin{vmatrix} 4 & 5 & 2 \\ -6 & 2 & 1 \\ -1 & 5 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$ using Laplace Expansion (4) Prove that $tan(45^{\circ} + A) \cdot tan(40^{\circ} A) = 1$ (5) If $\cos \theta = \frac{3}{5}$ then find $\cos 2\theta$ and $\cos 3\theta$ (6) Find the multiplicative inverse of the complex number $\frac{10}{1+3i}$ (7) Find the equation of the straight line passing through the points (-4, 3) and (3, -2)
- (8) Find the point of intersection of the lines 5x 7y + 1 = 0 and 2x + 5y 11 = 0

(9) Evaluate
$$\lim_{x\to\infty} \left(\frac{2x^2+6x+3}{5x^2+7x+9}\right)$$

(10) Find the derivative of $x e^x \cos x$ with respect to x

$$PART - B \qquad 5 \times 10 = 50$$

Instructions:

- Answer **ANY FIVE** questions and each question carries **TEN** marks
- Answer AINY FIVE questions and each question carries TEN marks
 The answers should be comprehensive and criteria for valuation is the content, but not the length of the answer
 (11) (a) Solve the equations x + y + z = 3, x + 2y + 3z = 4 and x + 4y + y = 6 by Crammer's Rule
 (b) Find the inverse of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix}
 2 & -2 & 4 \\
 2 & 3 & 2 \\
 -1 & 1 & -1
 \end{bmatrix}$

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(12) (a) If
$$\sin \theta + \sin \phi = \frac{4}{5}$$
 and $\sin \theta - \sin \phi = \frac{2}{7}$ then prove that $5 \tan\left(\frac{\phi + \theta}{2}\right) + 14 \tan\left(\frac{\phi - \theta}{2}\right) = 0$

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(b) Prove that
$$Tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + Tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{5}\right) = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

(13) (a) Solve the equation
$$2\cos^2 x + 5\cos x + 2 = 0$$

(b) In a
$$\Delta^{le}ABC$$
 prove that $(a-b) \tan\left(\frac{A+B}{2}\right) = (a+b) \tan\left(\frac{A-B}{2}\right)$

(14) (a) Find the center and radius of the Circle whose equation is $5x^2 + 5y^2 + 30x - 20y + 1 = 0$

(b) Find the equation of the Parabola whose focus is the point (3, 4) and directrix is the line 2x - 3y + 4 = 0

(15) (a) Find
$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$
, if $y = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2}\right)$

(b) Find
$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$
, if $y = (\cos x)^{(\cos x)^{(\cos x)^{\dots \infty}}}$

(16) (a) Find $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$, if $y = \frac{3x+2}{x-5}$

(b) If $u(x, y) = \log\left(\frac{x^4 + y^4}{x^2 + y^2}\right)$, then show that $x\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y\frac{\partial u}{\partial u} = 2$

(17) (a) Find the equations of tangent and normal to the curve $x = a(\theta + \sin \theta)$, $y = a(1 - \cos \theta)$ at $\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$ (b) The displacement s of a particle is given at any time t by the relation s = t³ - 9t² + 24t - 18. Find its velocity and acceleration when t = 3 sec
(18) (a) Find the maximum and minimum values of f(x) = 4x³ - 3x² - 18x + 12
(b) The pressure P and volume V of a gas are connected 1. The percentage increase in P if W.

- - (b) The pressure P and volume V of a gas are connected by the relation $PV^{\frac{1}{4}} = constant$. Find The pressure *P* and volume *V* of a gas are connected the percentage increase in *P* if *V* is decreased by 3%