

# co9-c-**404**

# 3425

# BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-09)

### MARCH/APRIL—2014

#### DCE—FOURTH SEMESTER EXAMINATION

### QUANTITY SURVEYING

Time : 3 hours ]

[ Total Marks : 80

#### PART-A

3×10=30

**Instructions** : (1) Answer **all** questions.

- (2) Each question carries **three** marks.
- (3) Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed *five* simple sentences.
- 1. Write the units of measurement of the following items of work :
  - (a) Plastering
  - (b) Steel reinforcement in RCC
  - (c) Filling basement with sand
- **2.** Write a short note on plinth area method for approximate estimate.
- **3.** A room has  $6.0 \text{ m} \times 3.5 \text{ m}$  internal dimensions with 300 mm wall thickness. The basement has a cross-section of 400 mm width and 600 mm height. Calculate—
  - (a) plinth area;
  - (b) brickwork in CM (1:8) in basement.

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**4.** Calculate the length of common rafter and number of common rafters spaced at 0.5 m c/c for the hipped roof shown below :



- 5. Explain briefly the analysis of rates and standard data book.
- **6.** Find the length of 6 mm diameter bar as shown in the figure, if the size of column is 300 mm × 300 mm. Assume 40 mm clear cover for main reinforcement :



7. Define the terms lead and lift.

**8.** The cross-section of head wall for a pipe culvert is given below. Calculate the quantity of RR masonry in CM 1:5, if the length of the head wall is 7.50 m, and without deductions.



- 9. Write a short note on scrap value.
- **10.** State any four types of outgoings to be considered during fixation of rent.

#### PART-B

**Instructions** : (1) Answer any **five** questions.

- (2) Each question carries **ten** marks.
- (3) Answers should be comprehensive and the criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.
- **11.** Prepare the detailed estimate for the following items of work for the building as shown in the figure :



(a) RCC 1:1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>:3 in columns up to GL only including footings(b) RCC 1:2:4 in slab

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**12.** Prepare the detailed estimate for the following items of work for the building as shown in the figure :



- (a) Earthwork excavation for foundation in hard gravelly soils
- (b) RR masonry in CM 1:6 for footing and basement
- **13.** Prepare the data sheet and calculate the cost of the items given below, using the lead statement of materials :
  - (a) Cement-concrete 1:3:6 using 40 mm HBG metal, unit—1 cu m



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(b) RR Masonry in CM (1:6)—Unit 1 cu m.

1·10 cu m.	Rough stone
0·34 cu m.	CM. (1:6)
0·54 No.	Masons 1st class
1·26 Nos.	Masons 2nd class
1·40 Nos.	Men Mazdoors
1·40 Nos.	Women Mazdoors
LS	Sundries

Lead statement of materials :

S1.	Materials	Rate at source Lead		Conveyance
No.		₹		charges per
				km in ₹
1	40 mm HBG metal	300 per m <sup>3</sup>	10 km	15/m <sup>3</sup>
2	Sand	75 per m <sup>3</sup>	20 km	10/m <sup>3</sup>
3	Cement	1800 per tonne	<b>—</b>	At site
4	Rough stone	250 per m <sup>3</sup>	8 km	$12/m^{3}$

Labour :

Masons 1st class	₹ 250 each/day
Masons 2nd class	₹240 each/day
Men mazdoors	₹230 each/day
Women mazdoors	₹225 each/day
Mixing charges of CM	₹40 per cum

**14.** Prepare the data sheet and find the cost of the following items of works :

(a) Quantities for BM in CM 1:6 using country bricks—unit 1 m<sup>3</sup>

600 Nos.	Country bricks
0·38 cum	CM (1:6)
1·4 Nos.	Bricklayer
0.7 No.	Men Mazdoors
2·1 Nos.	Women Mazdoors
LS	Sundries

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(b) Quantities for CM 1:3 flush pointing unit 10 m<sup>2</sup>
0.06 cum
1.6 Nos.
0.5 No.
1.1 Nos.
LS
Sundries

Lead statement :

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	S1.	Materials	Rate at source	Leads	Conveyance	
	No.		₹	in km	charges per	
					km	
	1	40 mm size	380·0/m <sup>3</sup>	12 km MT	$3.00/1 \text{ m}^3$	
		broken stone			-	
	2	Sand	75·00/m <sup>3</sup>	35 km MT	$3.00/1 \text{ m}^3$	
	3	Country bricks	1500·00 per	At site		
			1000 Nos.			
	4	Cement	2400.00/10 kN	At site		
			or 1 tonne			
			or 1 tonne			

Labour charges :

Masons or bricklayers	₹ 260/day
Men & women mazdoors	s ₹ 180/day
Mixing charges	₹ 30/cum

**15.** A road in embankment has the following data :

Change in m	0	30	60	90	120	150	180
RL of ground in m	49.60	50.20	50.90	51.35	51.90	52.30	52.80

The formation level at zero chainage is 52.00 and having a rising gradient of 1 in 100. The top width is 12.0 m and side slopes 2 horizontal to 1 vertical. Assuming ground is level in transverse direction, calculate the quantity of earthwork.

**16.** Calculate the quantities for the following items of work of an RCC slab culvert as shown in the figure :



- (a) Earthwork excavation for foundation for abutments and return walls
- (b) RR masonry in CM 1:3 for abutments and returns up to bottom of deck slab.

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**17.** Calculate the following quantities for an overhead tank as shown in the figure :



(a) Earthwork excavation for column foundation

- (b) RCC (1:2:4) for cover slab, bottom slab and side walls
- 18. A machine was purchased for ₹ 55,000 in 2005. The salvage value of the machine is ₹ 21,000 in 2010. Calculate the depreciation and book value for each year by constant percentage method.

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