



c09-c-105

3015

BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-09)

OCT/NOV—2016

DCE—FIRST YEAR EXAMINATION

SURVEYING—I

Time : 3 hours]

[Total Marks : 80

PART—A

3×10=30

Instructions : (1) Answer **all** questions.

(2) Each question carries **three** marks.

(3) Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed *five* simple sentences.

1. Name the instruments used for taking linear and angular measurements in surveying.

2. What are well-conditioned triangle and ill-conditioned triangle in chain surveying?

3. State the functions of arrows, offset rod and chain.

4. What do you mean by the indirect method of chaining on a sloping ground?

5. Define closed traverse and open traverse in compass survey.

- * 6. Convert the following reduced bearing into whole circle bearing :
- (a) N 55 30 E
 - (b) N 70 45 W
 - (c) S 30 30 E
7. Define the following terms :
- (a) Reduced level
 - (b) Line of collimation
 - (c) Axis of telescope
8. Write briefly about interpolation of contours.
9. Explain curvature correction and refraction correction in levelling.
10. Write a short note on Abney level.

PART—B

10×5=50

Instructions : (1) Answer *any five* questions.

(2) Each question carries **ten** marks.

(3) Answers should be comprehensive and the criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.

- * 11. The following offsets were taken at 5 m intervals from a survey line to a curved boundary :

2·10 m, 3·15 m, 3·60 m, 4·58 m,

7·85 m, 6·45 m, 4·65 m, 3·14 m

Compute the area between the survey line, irregular boundary, first and last offsets by (a) trapezoidal rule and (b) Simpson's rule.

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- 12.** What are the precautions to be taken while entering the measurements and details in chain field book?
- 13.** A closed compass traverse *ABCD* was conducted and the following bearings were obtained :

<i>Line</i>	<i>Fore bearing</i>	<i>Back bearing</i>
<i>AB</i>	42 30	222 30
<i>BC</i>	122 50	302 50
<i>CD</i>	182 10	2 10
<i>DA</i>	323 50	143 50

Calculate the interior angles of the traverse and apply check.

- 14.** The following table gives fore bearing and back bearing of sides of a closed compass traverse :

<i>Line</i>	<i>Fore bearing</i>	<i>Back bearing</i>
<i>AB</i>	N 55 00 E	S 54 00 W
<i>BC</i>	S 67 30 E	N 66 00 W
<i>CD</i>	S 25 00 W	N 25 00 E
<i>DE</i>	S 77 00 W	N 75 30 E
<i>EA</i>	N 64 30 W	S 63 30 E

Where do you suspect the local attraction? Find the correct bearings.

- 15.** The following notes refer to reciprocal levels taken with a level :

<i>Instrument at</i>	<i>Staff reading on</i>		<i>Remarks</i>
	<i>A</i>	<i>B</i>	
<i>A</i>	1.155	2.595	Distance <i>AB</i> 500 m
<i>B</i>	0.985	2.415	RL of <i>A</i> 525.500

Find the (a) true difference in elevation between *A* and *B* and (b) RL of *B*.

- * **16.** (a) How to align the roads with the help of contour maps? 5
(b) Explain with a neat sketch, the method of grid contour. 5
- 17.** (a) Explain the fundamental lines of dumpy level. 5
(b) State the relations between the fundamental lines. 5
- 18.** Describe the method of determining the area of the plan by using electronic planimeter.

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